

PLANT MATERIALS SUITABLE FOR CAZENOVIA LAKEFRONT LOCATIONS

The following list of plants has been prepared to assist homeowners in selecting species that will provide soil holding features, not restrict visual access to the lake, and general aesthetic interest for a property. The plant materials include woody shrubs that have a mature height of less than 4 feet, ground cover species, ferns, grasses and sedges, and herbaceous perennials. The noted plants include native and alien species; though native species are preferred there specific use should not be a limiting factor for landscape restoration on a residential site. The listed plants have been copied from the Finger Lakes Landscapes publication by Cornell Extension and have been selected from personal plant knowledge.

The plant list is not meant to be all inclusive, but provides a representative sample of plants that might be used in the restoration of stable site areas bordering the lakefront. Selection of species to be used on a specific site must consider the water regime, site slopes, sun/shade conditions, and existing soil characteristics. Some species are well suited to the lake edge and immediate border area. Remedial work might be needed to prepare site for the desired planting regime.

WOODY SHRUB SPECIES

Black Chokeberry <i>Aronia arbutifolia</i>	Atlantic Leatherwood <i>Dirca palustris</i>
Black Huckleberry <i>Gaylussacia baccata</i>	Sweetgale <i>Myrica gale</i>
Carolina Rose <i>Rosa Carolina</i>	Meadowsweet <i>Spiraea alba</i>
Steeplebush <i>Spiraea tomentosa</i>	Juniper <i>Juniperus</i> spp.
Korean Boxwood <i>Buxus microphylla</i>	Dwarf Inkberry <i>Ilex glabra</i> varieties
Russian Cypress <i>Microbiota decussate</i>	Dwarf Spruce <i>Picea abies nidiformis</i>
Dwarf Spruce <i>Picea abies procumbens</i>	Sweet Fern <i>Comptonia peregrine</i>
New Jersey Tea <i>Ceananthus americanus</i>	Cotoneaster <i>Cotoneaster</i> spp. varieties
Slender Deutzia <i>Deutzia gracilis</i>	Bush Honeysuckle <i>Diervilla lonicera</i>
Alleghany Pachysandra <i>Pachysandra procumbens</i>	Rat Stripper <i>Paxitima canybi</i>
Fothergilla <i>Fothergilla gardenii</i>	St John's Wort <i>Hypericum</i> spp.
Virginia Sweet Spire <i>Itea virginica</i>	Japanese Kerria <i>Kerria japonica</i>
Potentilla <i>Potentilla fruticosa</i>	Fragrant Sumac <i>Rhus aromatica</i> gro-low
Weigela <i>Weigela</i> spp. varieties	Mahonia <i>Mahonia aquifolium</i>
Myrtle <i>Vinca minor</i>	Wintercreeper <i>Euonymus fortunei</i> varieties
Pachysandra <i>Pachysandra terminalis</i> (shade)	Moss Phlox <i>Phlox subulata</i>
Creeping Mahonia <i>Mahonia repens</i>	Bearberry <i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i>

GRASSES AND SEDGES (species for Sun and Shade locations)

Low Growth Fescues	Little Bluestem
Canada Wild Rye	Prairie Dropseed
Palm Sedge	Pensylvania Sedge
Ice Dance Sedge	Fox Sedge (damp locations)
Switchgrass (Heavy Metal)	Side Oats Grama
Northern Sea Oats	Variegated Japanese Sedge

FERNS

Ostrich Fern	Christmas Fern
Sensitive Fern	Intermediate Wood Fern
Shield Fern	Lady Fern

PERENNIALS (infill visual plants as well as soil holding individuals included)

Bee Balm	Columbine	Geranium (true)
White Turtlehead	Foamflower	Canada Ginger
Hostas	Bugleweed	False Astilbe
Wild-Lily-Valley	Lavender	Lily-of-the-Valley
Stonecrop	Daylily	Lambs Ear (Stachys)
Pig Squeak	Coralbells	Creeping Thyme
Japanese Anemone	Candytuft	Butterfly Bush
Montauk Daisy	White Aster	New England Aster
New York Aster	Purple Coneflower	Black Eyed Susan
Soloman's Seal	Spiderwort	Virginia Bluebells
False Soloman's Seal	Lilyturf	Siberian Iris
Yarrow		